

Method of enhancing multimedia content.

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to a method of enhancing multimedia data contained on
5 an information carrier.

The present invention also relates to an information carrier containing multimedia data and to a computer program implementing said method of enhancing multimedia data.

This invention is particularly relevant for DVD video discs, such discs being intended to be used in a DVD recorder and/or player communicating with web servers via the Internet
10 network.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The DVD Forum has established a working group AH1-12 to standardize web connected DVD, as an extension of the current DVD video specification. The principle is that
15 a DVD video disc in accordance with the new specification will be published with links to publisher's web sites that contain additional data directly related to said specific DVD video disc. The web site may include, for example, new navigation menus which can be downloaded and used by a DVD video player containing the DVD video disc instead of original menus.

20 By using user data called cookies, defined as part of the hypertext transfer protocol http, the additional data presented by the web site can be customized on the basis of said user data contained in a user file and corresponding to previous actions of the user. As a consequence, cookies allow web sites to maintain user information across http connections.

25 SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

It is an object of the invention to propose a communication method that allows the same customization features to be provided when the additional data are coming from the disc instead of the web site.

In effect, it can be convenient to write additional data directly on the information
30 carrier and then to consult them off-line, i.e. without being connected to the web site via the Internet, in the same manner as additional data contained on the web site are consulted.

To this end, the method of enhancing multimedia data in accordance with the invention is characterized in that the information carrier comprises additional data and in that

said method comprises the following steps performed, using a code contained on the information carrier:

- reading a user file containing user data defining user's previous actions in a storage unit of a recording and/or reproducing device,

- 5 - providing the additional data as a function of the user data, and
- updating the user data to reflect the user's latest actions.

Such a method allows the additional data to be customized, based on the user's past behavior, when said additional data are coming from the information carrier, that is to say when the recording and/or reproducing device is not connected to the Internet network.

10 The method of enhancing multimedia data in accordance with the invention is also characterized in that it comprises the following steps performed from a remote unit, when the recording and/or reproducing device is connected to said remote unit via a network, the remote unit containing additional data:

- reading the user file containing the user data in the storage unit,
- 15 - providing the remote unit additional data as a function of the user data, and
- updating the user data to reflect the user's latest actions.

In this case, the user file used by the remote unit is the same as the user file used by the information carrier. This ensures consistency across successive sessions, said sessions being performed either from the information carrier, that is to say off-line, or from the remote unit, that is to say on-line.

The present invention also relates to an information carrier comprising multimedia data and additional data for enhancing the multimedia data.

It finally relates to a computer program comprising program instructions for implementing the method of enhancing multimedia data.

25 These and other aspects of the invention will be apparent from and will be elucidated with reference to the embodiments described hereinafter.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

The present invention will now be described in more detail, by way of example, with reference to the accompanying drawings, wherein:

- Fig. 1 is a block diagram showing the method of enhancing multimedia data in accordance with the invention.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to a method of communicating data between a recording and/or reproducing device and a remote unit connected to each other via a network. In the following description, the recording and/or reproducing device is a DVD video player, the remote unit is a web site, and the network is the Internet.

5 Nevertheless, it will be obvious to a person skilled in the art that the present invention more generally relates to client/server architecture. On the client side, the recording and/or reproducing device is, for example, a home DVD player or a personal computer DVD player with an Internet connection and a protocol stack built into it, or a GPRS (General Packet Radio Service) or third-generation mobile phone equipped with Small Format Factor Optical
10 SFFO discs. On the server side, the remote unit is a computer system having web-related services or proxies running on it. The network that connects the two sides is any kind of network based on a TCP/IP protocol (Transmission Control Protocol / Internet Protocol), for example IPv4 or IPv6 protocol.

15 Fig. 1 is a block diagram showing the communication system in accordance with the invention. Said communication system comprises a DVD video player and/or recorder (20), which is able to read an information carrier (23). The information carrier comprises multimedia data (24) such as audio, video, or text data.

 In our example, the information carrier (23) is a DVD video disc, but it will be
20 apparent to a person skilled in the art that the present invention is not limited to DVD discs. The scope of the present invention generally includes any medium having any physical disc format (e.g. CD, DVD, Blu-ray disc, etc.), including Read Only, Recordable, and Rewritable discs. The present invention generally applies to discs that include different application formats (e.g. video, audio, games, etc.).

25 The web site (10) comprises additional data (11) for the DVD video disc (23). A publisher is responsible for managing the web site (10) from inputs of a disc provider, the publisher and provider being the same person or different persons. The DVD video player (20) and the web site (10) communicate via the Internet (15).

 The DVD video disc contains links to publisher's web sites. When such a disc is
30 inserted into the DVD video player, users can combine local DVD multimedia data (24) with additional data (11), which are formed by Internet-enhanced content directly related to this specific DVD video disc. The Internet-enhanced content is, for example, a new version of DVD menus, pictures, audio, or subtitles synchronized with local DVD video. DVD disc

providers create the Internet-enhanced content. The Internet-enhanced content is also called enhanced navigation (ENAV) content.

The DVD video disc also comprises additional data (25), which are not necessarily identical to the ENAV content present on the web site (10). The ENAV content contained on the information carrier (23) can be updated from the web site (10).

The principle of the invention is to allow the ENAV content contained on the DVD video disc to read or write user data, hereinafter referred to as cookies, in the same way that it is done over the http protocol. This allows the same behavior to be presented to the user from both the disc and the web site. It also ensures consistency across sessions from the disc, i.e. off-line, and from the web site, i.e. on-line.

To support this feature, the DVD player comprises Application Program Interfaces or APIs, which are able to read or write cookies. These APIs are called from within the scripting part of the ENAV content. As with http, the cookies will be identified with the web site that stored them in a storage unit (21) of the DVD player (20). In this case, the web site (10) linked to the DVD disc (23) is used to identify the web server containing the web site. By using this web server, the same cookies can be used by both the web site related to the disc and the disc content itself. The viewing experience of the user will then be consistent across off-line and on-line viewing of the same disc.

It is possible to keep the off-line and on-line cookies distinct. This prevents the web server from tracking the user's off-line behavior. In this case, however, the viewing experience will not be consistent between off-line and on-line viewing.

The APIs are defined as follows:

- ReadCookie(IN server_id, OUT cookie_string);

where IN means input and OUT means output.

This API reads the cookie stored with a server identifier server_id and returns the associated user data cookie_string if there is such an entry in the cookie file. If not, then the returned user data cookie_string is empty.

- WriteCookie(IN server_id, IN cookie_string);

This API writes an entry in the cookie file with a server identifier server_id to identify the server and user data cookie_string as the associated data. It overwrites the previous cookie related to this server if there was one.

In this case, the APIs are equivalent to receiving and returning cookies according to the http protocol. In another embodiment, the cookie identifier can be extended to the disc itself. In

other words, the APIs can read or write user data cookie_string only for a predetermined web server and for a predetermined disc.

5 The following example illustrates the method in accordance with the invention. First, the user inserts a DVD disc (23) in a DVD player (20) which is connected to the web. This disc includes ENAV content including a link to the publisher's web site (10). For example, a link is: *http://www.publisher.com/film*. Then, the DVD player connects to this web site in order to use the on-line ENAV content (11). For that purpose, the web server tries to read a cookie file (22) from the DVD player. The web server can only access cookies that were
10 stored by the same server in the storage unit (21) of the DVD player. In the present case, the web server can only read a cookie having a prefix *www.publisher.com*. If such a cookie is available, it is returned to the web server. The web server can update the cookie later to reflect the user's action(s), for example it can store a coded string to indicate what features of the disc the user has accessed.

15 Later, if the user inserts the disc while the DVD player is off-line, the DVD player uses the ENAV content (25) contained on the disc instead of the one contained on the web site. According to the present invention, the scripts contained within the ENAV content on the disc read the cookie files from the DVD player. The API call is the following:

- ReadCookie(*www.publisher.com*, *cookie_string*);

20 In this case, the script written on the disc makes the DVD player return to the web site *www.publisher.com* the user data *cookie_string* that was stored by the web server in a previous session. The content of these user data allows the script in the ENAV content to customize the presentation displayed on a screen (30) based on the user's past behavior.

When the off-line session is finished, the script written on the disc makes the DVD
25 player update the cookie file to reflect the user's behavior, that is to say which features have been accessed by said user. The API call is the following:

- WriteCookie(*www.publisher.com*, *cookie_string*);

In this case, the script written on the disc makes the DVD player write in the cookie file the cookie string *cookie_string* that reflects the user's latest action(s), in a coded or non-coded
30 manner.

The present invention ensures that the presentation of the ENAV content is made in a seamless way between on-line and off-line sessions.

Any reference sign in the following claims should not be construed as limiting the claim. It will be obvious that the use of the verb "to comprise" and its conjugations do not exclude the presence of any other steps or elements besides those defined in any claim. The word "a" or "an" preceding an element or step does not exclude the presence of a plurality of such elements or steps.

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